

Netzröhre für GW-Heizung
indirekt geheizt
Serien- oder Paralleleinspeisung

DC-AC-Heating
indirectly heated
connected in parallel or series

ECH 81

TELEFUNKEN

Regelbare Heptode mit Triode
Remote cutoff heptode with triode

$U_f = 6,3 \text{ V}$ $I_f = 300 \text{ mA}$

Normierte Anheizzeit · Normalize heating-up time

Meßwerte · Measuring values

Triode

U_a **100** V
 U_g 0 V
 I_a **13,5** mA
 S 3,7 mA
 μ 22

Heptode

U_a **160** V
 U_{g3} 0 V
 U_{g2g4} **100** V
 U_{g1} -0,5 V
 I_a **11** mA
 I_{g2+g4} 7 mA
 S 4,5 mA/V

Betriebswerte · Typical operation

Triode als Oszillator

Triode as oscillator

U_b **250** V
 R_a **33** k Ω
 R_{g1g3} 47 k Ω
 I_{gT+g3} 200 μ A
 I_a **4,5** mA
 S_{eff} 0,65 mA/V



Betriebswerte · Typical operation**Heptode als Mischer · Heptode as mixer****Trioden-System: $U_b = 250 \text{ V}$, $R_a = 33 \text{ k}\Omega$, $U_{oszeff} = 8 \text{ V}$**

U_b	250	V	
R_{av}	8,2	$\text{k}\Omega$	
R_{g2g4}	22	$\text{k}\Omega$	
R_{gTg3}	47	$\text{k}\Omega$	
I_{gT+g3}	200	μA	
U_{g1}	ca. -0,5 ¹⁾	ca. -28	V
U_a	ca. 225	ca. 240	V
U_{g2g4}	ca. 78	ca. 235	V
I_a	3,3		mA
I_{g2+g4}	7,8		mA
S_c	1100	11	$\mu\text{A/V}$
R_{ic}	0,8	> 3	$\text{M}\Omega$
r_{aeq}	30		$\text{k}\Omega$

Heptode als HF- oder ZF-Verstärker**Heptode as RF- or IF-amplifier**

U_b	250	V	
R_{av}	8,2	$\text{k}\Omega$	
U_{g3}	0	V	
R_{g2g4}	22	$\text{k}\Omega$	
U_{g1}	ca. -0,5 ¹⁾	ca. -35	V
U_a	ca. 160	ca. 248	V
U_{g2g4}	ca. 96	ca. 245	V
I_a	11		
I_{g2+g4}	7		
S	4,5	0,045	mA/V
R_i	0,24	> 10	$\text{M}\Omega$
$\mu_{g2/g1}$	25		
r_{aeq}	4,5		$\text{k}\Omega$

¹⁾ U_{g1} nur durch $R_{g1} = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ erzeugt · U_{g1} produced by voltage drop across $R_{g1} = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ only

Nennwert-Grenzdaten · Design centre ratings

Triode			Heptode		
U_{ao}	550	V	U_{ao}	550	V
U_a	250	V	U_a	300	V
N_a	0,8	W	N_a	2	W
I_k	6,5	mA	U_{g2g40}	550	V
R_g	3	MΩ	$U_{g2g4}^1)$	125	V
$-U_g (I_g = +0,3 \mu A)$	1,3	V	$U_{g2g4} (I_a < 1 \text{ mA})$	300	V
$U_{f/k}$	±100	V	N_{g2+g4}	0,8	W
$R_{f/k}$	20	kΩ	I_k	18	mA
			R_{g1}	3	MΩ
			$R_{g3}^2)$	3	MΩ
			$-U_{g1} (I_{g1} = +0,3 \mu A)$	1,3	V
			$-U_{g3} (I_{g3} = +0,3 \mu A)$	1,3	V
			$U_{f/k}$	±100	V
			$R_{f/k}$	20	kΩ

¹⁾ ungeregelt · unregulated²⁾ Wenn in AM/FM-Empfängern die Verbindungen zu der Röhre während des Betriebes umgeschaltet werden und g_3 nicht mittels eines ohmischen Widerstandes mit g_T verbunden ist, beträgt R_{g3} max. = 20 kΩ.If the leads to the tube are switched over in AM/FM receivers during operation and g_3 is not connected to g_T by means of an ohmic resistor, then R_{g3} amounts to max. 20 kΩ.

Kapazitäten · Capacitances

Triode			Heptode		
C_e	2,6	pF	C_e	4,8	pF
C_a	2,1	pF	C_a	7,9	pF
$C_{g/a}$	1	pF	$C_{g1/a}$	< 0,006	pF
$C_{g/f}$	< 0,02	pF	$C_{g1/g3}$	< 0,3	pF
			$C_{g1/f}$	< 0,17	pF
			C_{g3}	6	pF
			$C_{g3/f}$	< 0,06	pF

zwischen Heptode und Triode

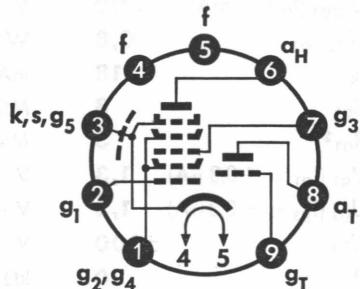
between heptode and triode

$C_{aH/aT}$	0,20	pF
$C_{aH/gT}$	< 0,09	pF
$C_{aH/gT + g3}$	< 0,35	pF
$C_{g1/aT}$	< 0,06	pF
$C_{g1/gT}$	< 0,17	pF
$C_{g1/gT + g3}$	< 0,45	pF

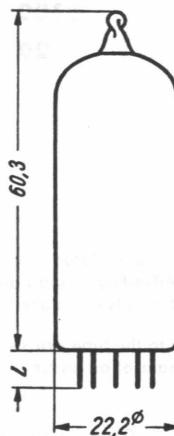


Naturgas-Gemischsaero-Destillat auf Wärme

heißer Luft

0,12
0,130,03
0,04**Sockelschaltbild****Base connection****Pico 9 · Noval****max. Abmessungen****max. dimensions**

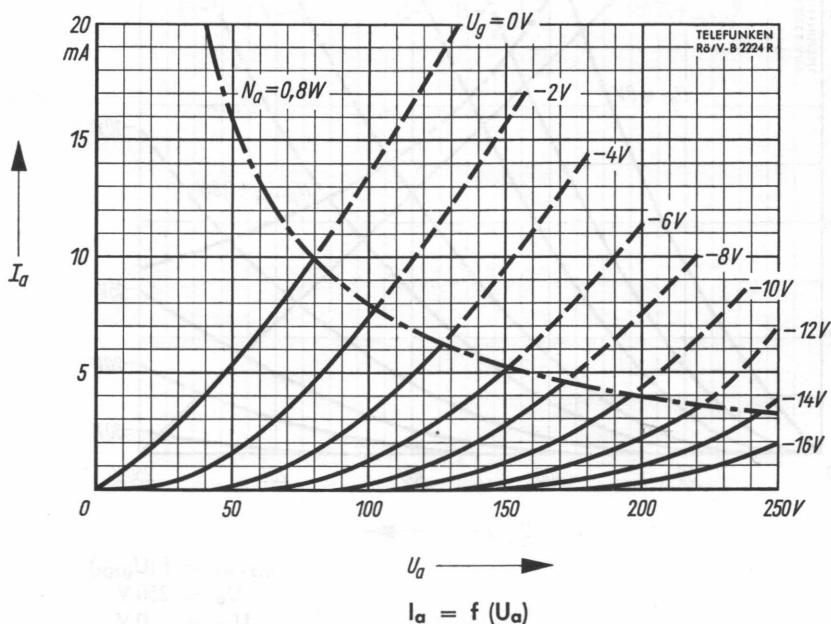
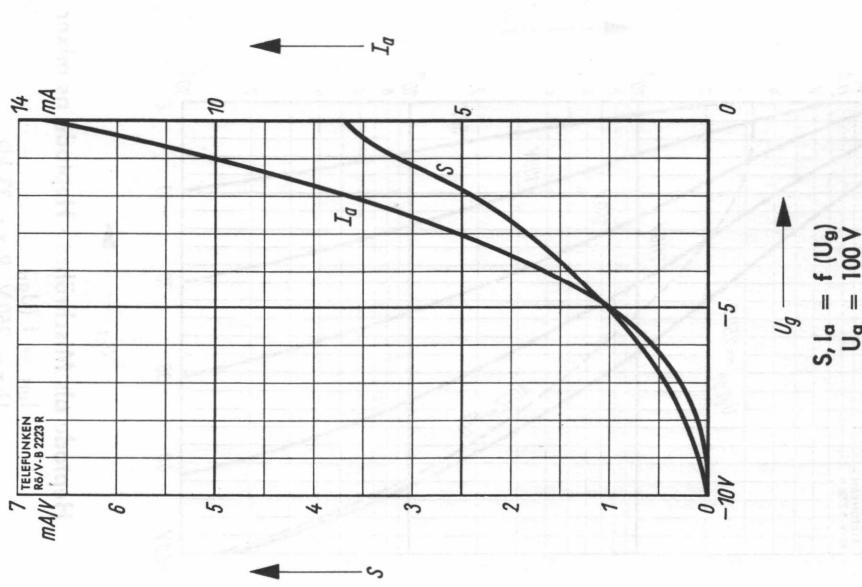
DIN 41539, Nenngröße 50, Form A

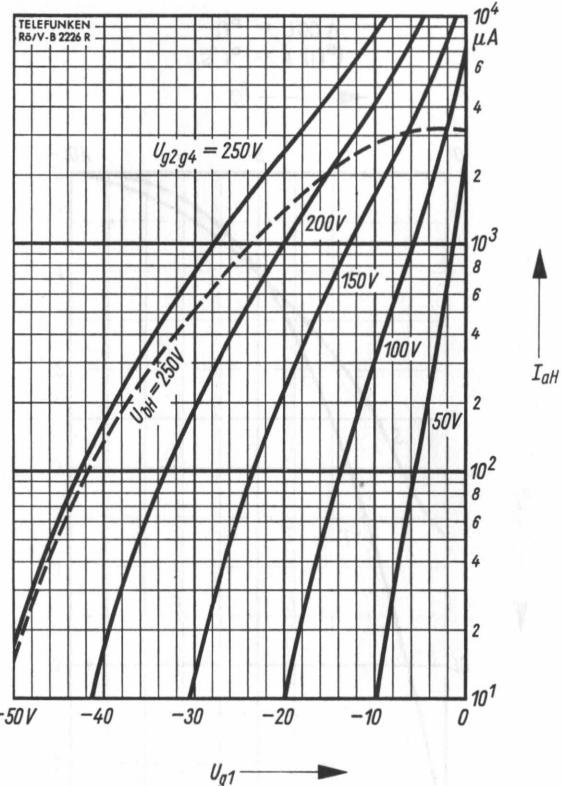
**Gewicht · Weight**

max. 18 g

Wenn notwendig, muß gegen Herausfallen der Röhre aus der Fassung Vorsorge getroffen werden.

Special precautions must be taken to prevent the tube from becoming dislodged.


Triode



Heptode als Mischröhre · Heptode as mixer

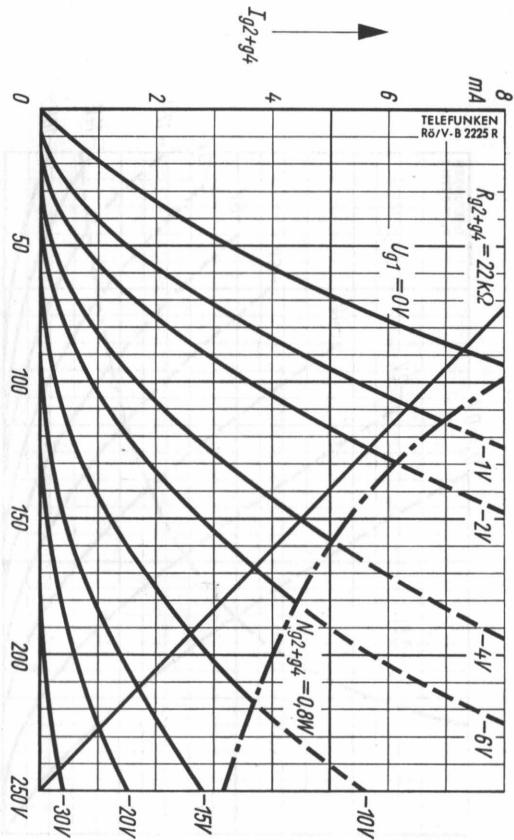
$$I_{aH} = f(U_{g1})$$

$$U_{bT} = 250 \text{ V}, R_{aT} = 33 \text{ kΩ},$$

$$R_{g3gT} = 47 \text{ kΩ}, I_{g3+gT} = 200 \text{ μA}$$

— $I_{aH} = f(U_{g1})$, $U_{g2g4} = \text{Parameter}$

- - - $U_{bH} = 250 \text{ V}, R_a = 8.2 \text{ kΩ}, R_{g2g4} = 22 \text{ kΩ}$



Heptode

Heptode

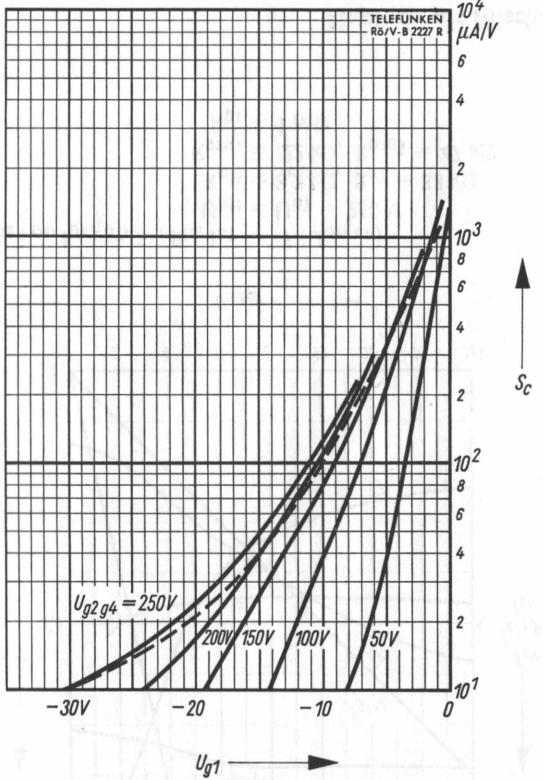
$$I_{g2g4} = f(U_{g2g4})$$

$$U_a = 250 \text{ V}$$

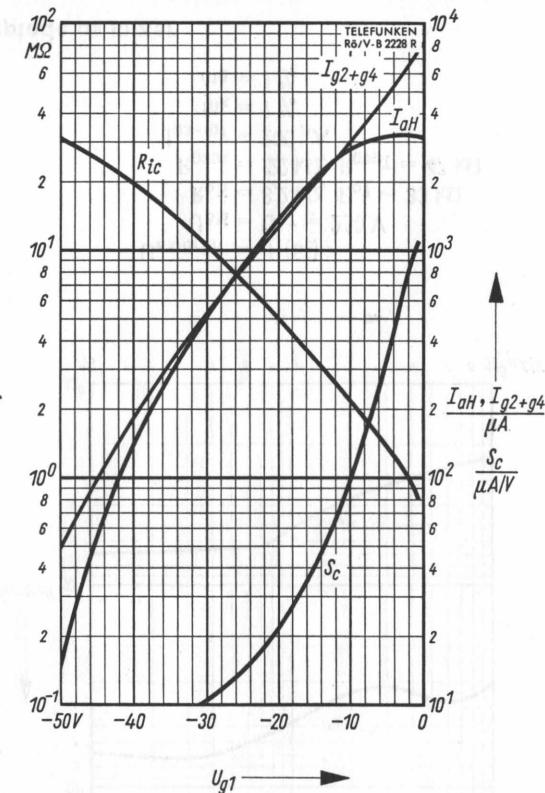
$$U_{g3} = 0 \text{ V}$$

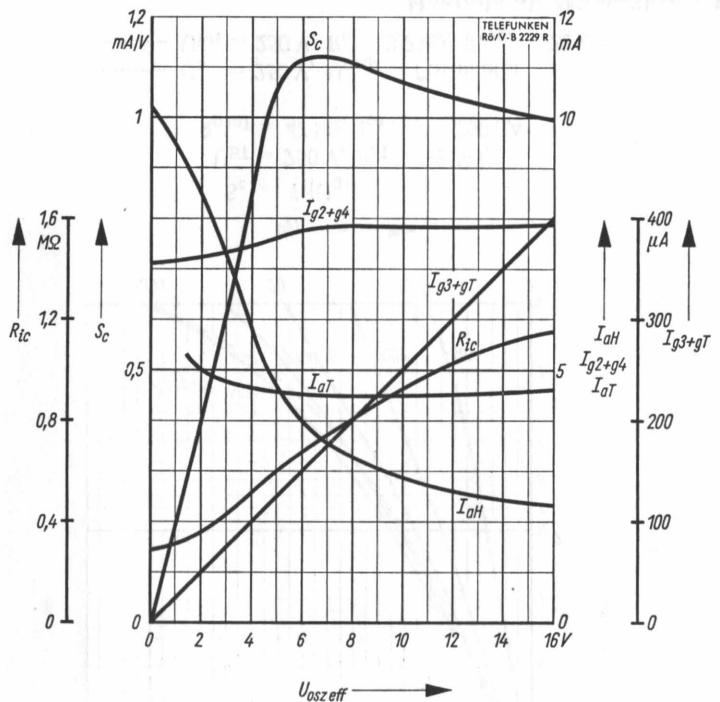
U_{g1} = Parameter





Heptode als Mischröhre · Heptode as mixer





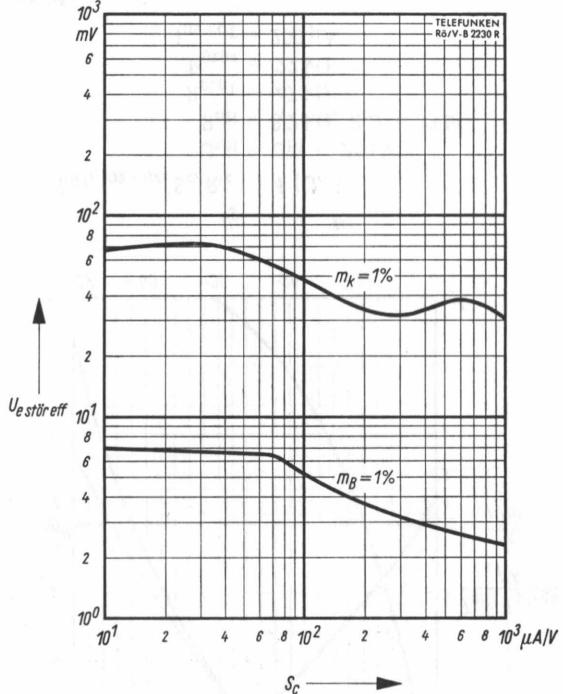
$$I_{aH}, I_{g2+g4}, I_{g3+gT}, S_c, R_{ic}, I_{aT} = f(U_{oszeff})$$

$$U_{bH} = U_{bT} = 250 \text{ V}$$

$$R_{aH} = 8.2 \text{ k}\Omega, R_{aT} = 33 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$R_{g2g4} = 22 \text{ k}\Omega, R_{g3gT} = 47 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$R_{g1} = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$$



$$U_{estoreff} = f(S_c)$$

$$U_{bH} = U_{bT} = 250 \text{ V}$$

$$R_{aH} = 8.2 \text{ k}\Omega, R_{aT} = 33 \text{ k}\Omega$$

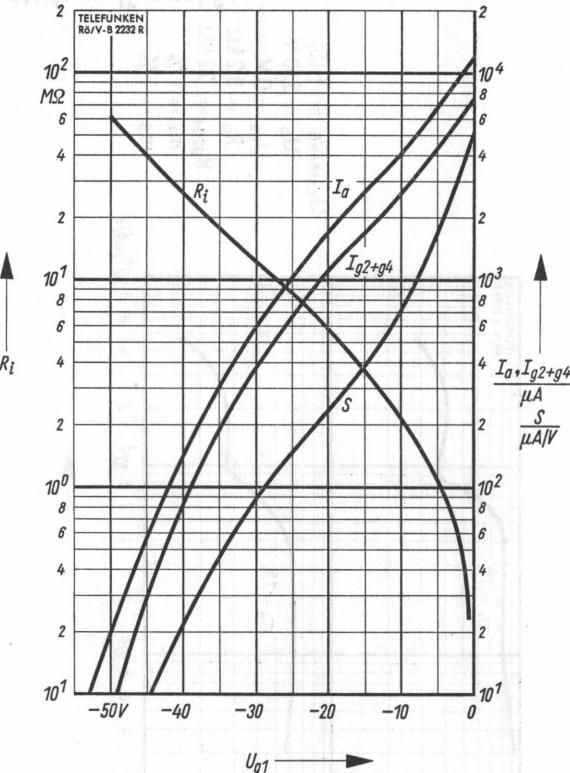
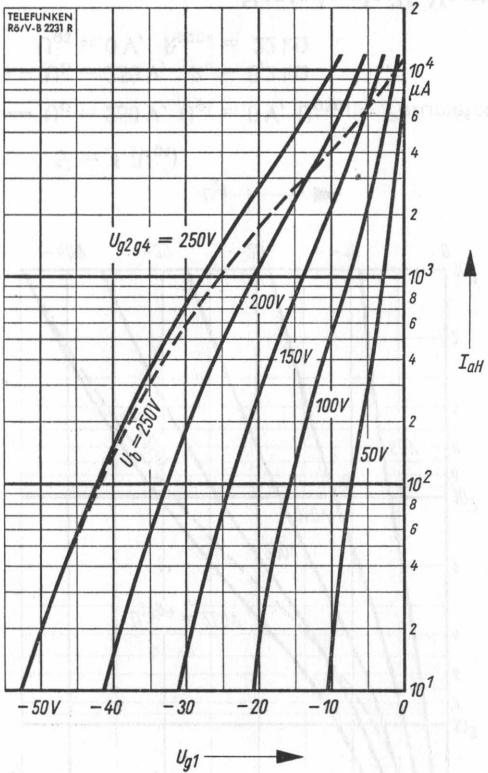
$$R_{g2g4} = 22 \text{ k}\Omega, R_{g3gT} = 47 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$I_{g3+gT} = 200 \mu\text{A}$$

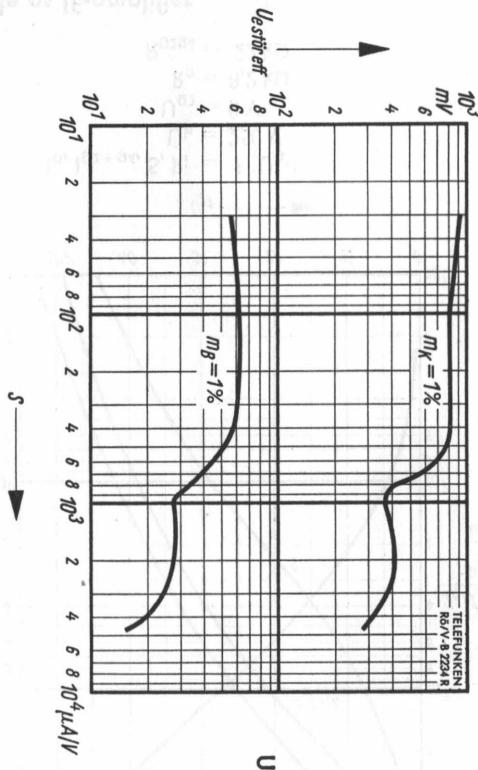
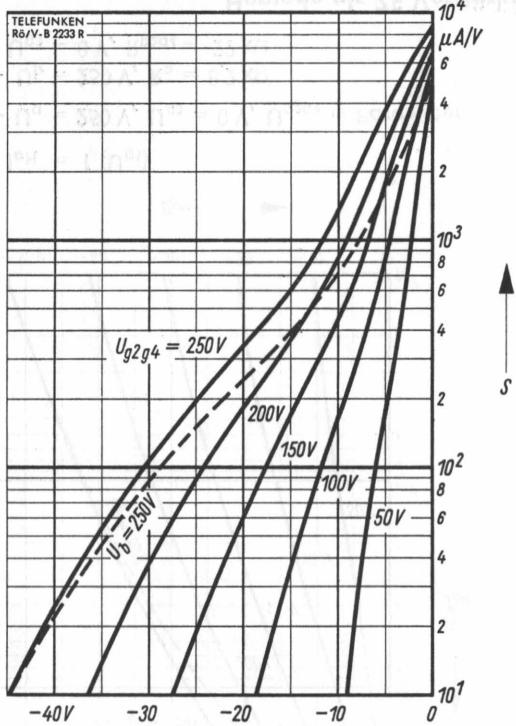
$$m_k = 1\%$$

$$m_B = 1\%$$

Heptode als Mischröhre • Heptode as mixer



Heptode als ZF-Verstärker · Heptode as IF-amplifier



Heptode als ZF-Verstärker · Heptode as IF-amplifier